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**RICE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL MATHEMATICS PROJECT  
(RUSMP)**

# **Technology Use of Mathematics Teachers at Urban Schools**

**Adem Ekmekci, Danya Corkin, & Anne Papakonstantinou**  
**Rice University**

**[ekmekci@rice.edu](mailto:ekmekci@rice.edu)**

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The purpose of this study is to investigate the extent to which:

- a) teachers use emerging technologies at urban schools
- b) teachers' habits of using technology change after a professional development program





- Rapidly changing and growing
- Implications for education
- Vital component of a high-quality mathematics education
- Maximum potential to develop student understanding
- Should be accessible for all students

*(National Council for Teachers of Mathematics [NCTM], 2008)*





## Integration of technology

- Increases student engagement, self-confidence in math, and math achievement
- Explains achievement gaps between individuals and schools
- Hindered by teachers' lack of knowledge
- Requires “appropriate” use of technologies

*(Delen & Bulut, 2011; Jakobsson, 2006; Niess, 2006)*





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# Research Questions

- To what extent do teachers use emerging technologies in mathematics instruction?
- For what purposes do teachers mostly use technologies in mathematics instruction?
- To what extent does the frequency of their technology-use change after a three-week technology-enriched professional development program?





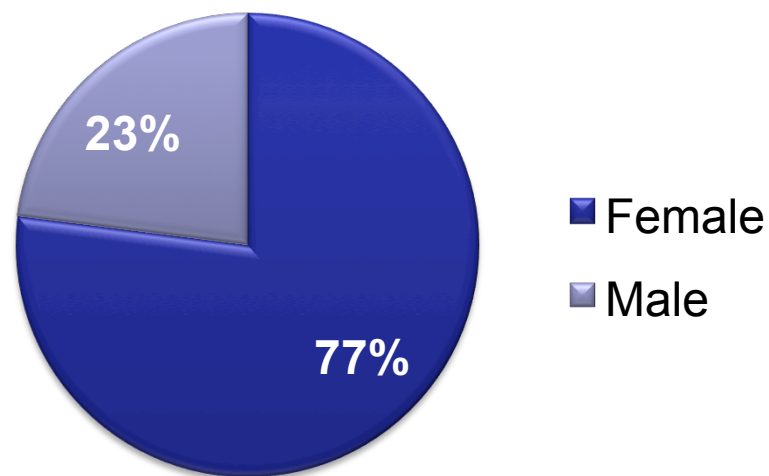
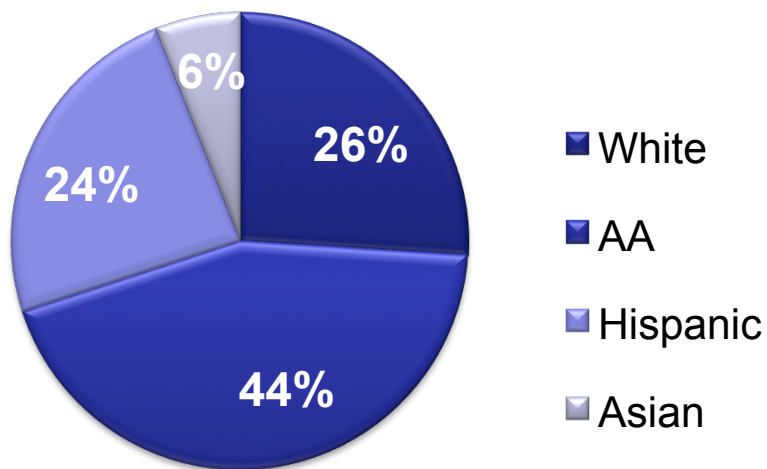
# RICE Professional Development

- Content-based and technology enriched
- Three weeks in June (84 contact hours)
- Six academic year meetings
- To improve teachers' mathematical knowledge for teaching





- 140 K-12 math teachers in Greater Houston  
Summer 2012 (cohort 1): 80  
Summer 2013 (cohort 2): 60





- 18 items asking teachers how often they use particular technologies and how useful they find technology for ***planning, instruction, & assessment*** purposes
- 4-point Likert scale (0-never, 3-almost always)
- Pre-test (3 weeks prior to the summer PD)
- Post-test (8 months after the summer PD)
- Cohen's Kappa: 0.918







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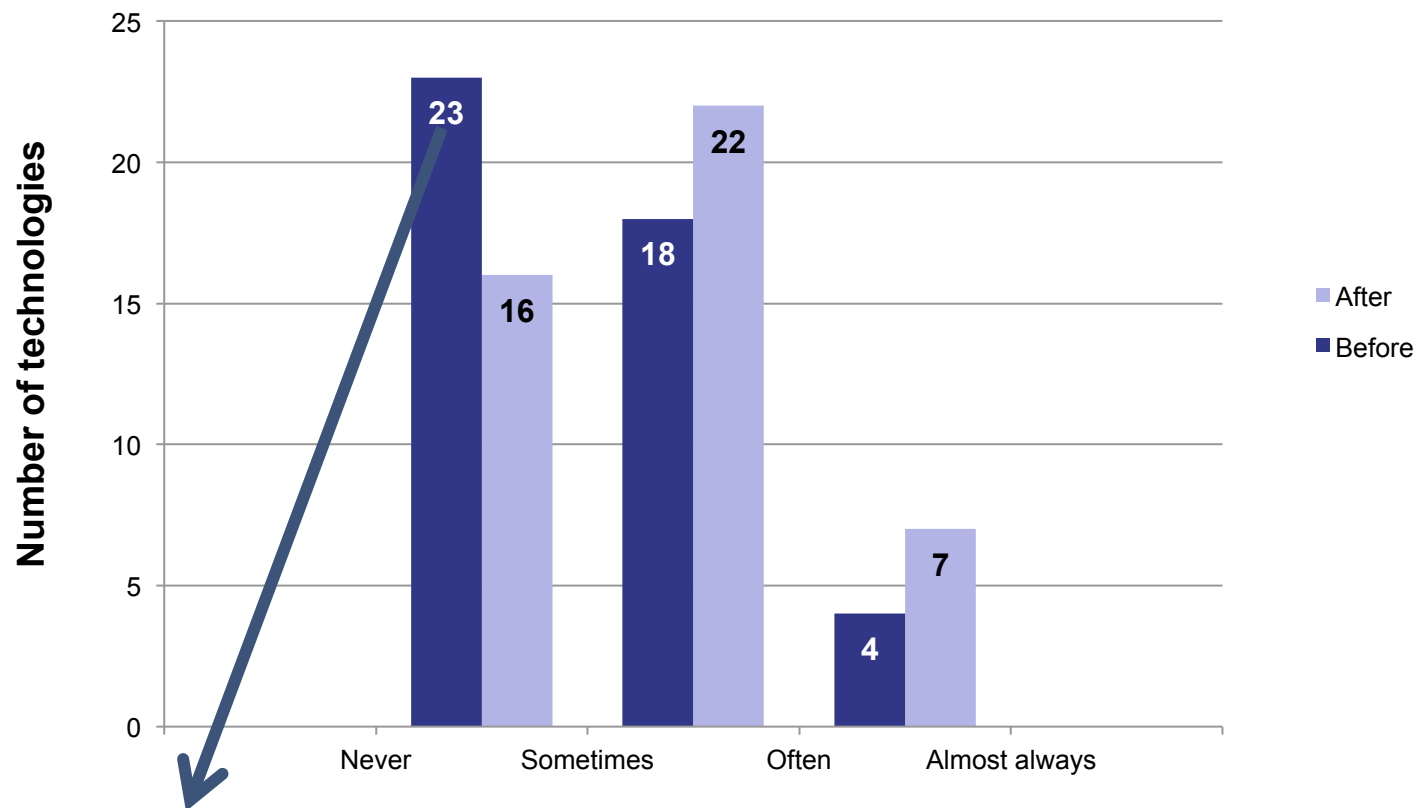
# For each of 3 purposes

Software
Online Learning Management Systems (e.g., Blackboard)
<b>Math Apps</b>
Websites
<b>PowerPoint (Teacher use)</b>
PowerPoint (Student use)
Hardware
Interactive Whiteboard (to project materials)
<b>Interactive Whiteboard (for interactive activities)</b>
Document Camera
<b>Computer (to view materials)</b>
Computer (for interactive activities)
<b>Tablet Computer</b>
Calculators
<b>Student Response System</b>
Digital Camera/ Video Recorder
<b>GPS</b>
Usefulness of Technology





## Teachers' average ratings for different types of technologies



23 of technology-use items were rated between 0-never and 1-sometimes





Paired Differences												
95% C.I.												
Survey	Mean	N	S.D.	S.E.	Mean		95% C.I.		t	Sig.	Effect size	
					(gain)	S.D.	S.E.	Lower				Upper
Pre	1.06	140	0.41	0.05								
					0.18	0.38	0.04	0.09	0.27	5.57	0.00	0.47
Post	1.24	140	0.46	0.05								





# RICE Change in specific areas

Technology	Planning	Instructional	Assessment
<b>Software</b>			
Online Learning Management Systems (e.g., Blackboard)	***	***	***
Math Apps	—	—	—
Websites	—	—	—
PowerPoint (Teacher use)	—	—	—
PowerPoint (Student use)	—	—	—
<b>Hardware</b>			
Interactive Whiteboard (to project materials)	—	—	—
Interactive Whiteboard (for interactive activities)	—	—	—
Document Camera	*	—	***
Computer (to view materials)	*	—	*
Computer (for interactive activities)	—	—	—
Tablet Computer	***	**	*
Calculators	—	—	—



# RICE Beliefs about usefulness

Purpose	Pre-Survey			Post-Survey		
	Mean	S.D.	S.E.	Mean	S.D.	S.E.
Planning	2.63	.822	.093	2.63	.440	.050
Instructional	2.59	.648	.073	2.68	.342	.039
Assessment	2.17	.987	.112	2.15	.252	.029
* No significant changes occurred in teachers' beliefs.						





- Teachers believe that technology is important and useful to fulfill teaching responsibilities
- Teachers significantly increased their technology use after technology-rich PD





Results are alarming because despite substantial investments in hardware, software, and infrastructure schools, teachers reported low levels of technology-use.

Unless appropriate ongoing support and development are offered to teachers, these investments will be a waste of time, effort, and resources.





- Barriers for technology use
- Technology-enhanced Pedagogical Content Knowledge (TPCK)

*(Bauer & Kenton, 2005; Niess, 2006;  
Smerdon et al., 2000)*







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## THANK YOU !

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