## Energize You Math Class with Numeration Games and Activities



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## Developing Arithmetic in the Elementary Grades

- The separation of arithmetic and algebra deprives students of powerful ways of thinking about mathematics.
- Fundamental properties that children use in calculating are the basis for most of the symbolic manipulation in algebra.


## Let's play the game Salute

- Three players on a team
- Deck of cards
- Paper to record (optional)


## RICE <br> Salute

## Using Playing Cards to Form Equations

Figure 1
Four problems involving playing carrls

$$
\square+\square+\square+\square=\square+\square+\square+\square
$$

All eight cards must be different

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \square+\square=70 \quad(x+7=10) \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\square+\square=\square+\square \quad(2 x=8+6) \\
\text { The first two cands are the same. }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\square+\square+\square=\square+\square \\
\text { The first three }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { The first three } \\
\text { candss are the same, ane the last to } \\
\text { aneme- }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Salute

## Using Playing Cards to Form Equations



## Salute

## Where is the Math ?

- 1.3A Compose 10 with two or more addends with and without concrete objects
- 2.4A Recall basic facts to add and subtract within 20 with automaticity.
- 3.4F Recall facts to multiply by 10 by 10 with automaticity
- 4. 4A Whole number calculations
- 5.3 B Multiply with fluency


## Roll to Win

## Materials

three dice, one game board per player

## Directions

- Partner Game
- For a first turn, each player rolls all three dice and uses any two of the numbers to make a two-digit number. This number is written in the start box.
- On their next turn, players roll all three dice and use any two numbers to make a two digit number that is greater than the previous one on their list.
- The larger number is written in the next space, or choose not to, they skip that turn
- The first player to fill in all boxes wins.


## Roll to Win

## Where is the math?

- K.2G Compare sets of objects up to 20 in a set
- 1.2 F Represent, compare and order whole numbers in relation to place value up to 120
- 2.2D Compare whole numbers in relation to place value up to 1,200
- 3. 2D Compare and order whole numbers up to 100,000
- 4.2C Compare and order whole numbers using place value to 1,000,000,000
- 5.2B Compare and order positive rational numbers


## Four In a Row

## Directions

- Partner Game
- Each player chooses a number from Box A and from Box B and calculates the sum without technology
- The player finds the sum on the game board
- Strategy comes into play when the player understands making sums that will obtain a number in order to get four numbers in a row on the game board


## Four In a Row

## Where is the Math?

- 1.5C Recognize that a number is 10 more or less than a number
- 2.4B Student is expected to add up to four two digit numbers
- 3.4A Use strategies to add and subtract using strategies
- 4.4A Add whole numbers and decimals using the standard algorithm
- 5. 3H Add fractions and decimals


## Hit the Target

## Directions

- Partner Game
- Teacher or student chooses a target number and a starting number
- On each turn each partner my add or subtract 1,2,5 or 10 to the number in play in hopes of reaching the target number
- The first player to reach the target number is the winner


## Hit the Target

## Where is the Math?

- 1.5C Use relationships to determine the number that is 10 more and 10 less than a given number up to 120.
- 2.7B Identify and apply number patterns within properties of numbers and operations in order to describe relationships.
- 3.5A Addition and subtraction of whole numbers to 1,000 using pictorial models, number lines and equations
- 4.4A Represent multistep problems involving the four operations with whole numbers
- 5.4A Represent multistep problems involving the four operations with whole numbers


## Materials

1 hexahedron die, game sheet, one marker per player

## Directions

- Partner Game
- The object of the game is to move your marker from your starting number to 9 by finding sums and differences
- Each player rolls the die. Whoever rolls the larger number is player 1. Player one starts on 0 and player 2 starts on 18.
- Players take turns rolling the dice. Each player may add or subtract the number rolled from the number you're on.
- On each turn you must move your marker. You can not move off of the number line. Sometimes you will not have a choice as to whether you add or subtract.
- The first player to land on 9 is the winner.


## Leap Frog

## Where is the Math?

- 1.5C Recognize that a number is 10 more or less than a number
- 2.4B Student is expected to add up to four two digit numbers
- 3.4A Use strategies to add and subtract using strategies
- 4.4A Add whole numbers and decimals using the standard algorithm
- 5. 3A Add fractions and decimals


## Turn It Over

Materials: dominoes, game board, and flash cards

## Directions

- Give each player five dominoes and a game board. The dominoes are to be placed face up on the game board.
- Read a fact from the stack of flash cards.
- If the sum of the dots on one of the dominoes is the same as the number called, the player turns over that domino.
- The first player to turn over all five of his dominoes is the winner.


## Turn It Over

## Where is the Math?

- 1.5C Recognize that a number is 10 more or less than a number
- 2.4B Student is expected to add up to four two digit numbers
- 3.4A Use strategies to add and subtract using strategies
- 4.4A Add whole numbers and decimals using the standard algorithm


## Addition Board Game

## Materials

color tiles, addition game board, and a pair of dice

## Directions

- Partner game
- Each player rolls the dice. The student with the highest number plays first.
- Each player covers each square on the playing board with a color tile.
- The first player rolls the dice. The player adds the numbers on the dice. If the player rolls $6+6$, the player may uncover


## Domino Clowns

## Materials

## Dominoes, paper, Domino Clown work mat

## Directions

- Game for Partners
- Assign each pair of students a number from 15 to 30
- Have each participant find four dominoes that together have the number of dots as the assigned number. Place the dominoes on the clown work mat as arms an legs
- Each pair verifies each others sum and write on paper the number sentence for their own dominoes and their partners


## Fraction Dominoes

Play by matching the fractions in word, picture, and fractional notation forms.


## Fraction Dominoes

## Where is the Math?

- 3.3A Represent fractions greater than zero and less than or equal to one with denominators of $2,3,4,6$, and 8 using concrete objects and pictorial models, including strip diagrams and number lines.
- 4.3C The student applies mathematical process standards to represent and generate fractions to solve problems.


## Game for the entire class

Materials: I have, who has card for each participant (30 cards)

## Directions

- One participant reads a card
- Who ever has the solution reads their card, then a clue for the next answer
- The activity continues until the last person standing, the first reader, reads his solution to I have.


## Resources

## Contact Information

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