



RICE UNIVERSITY  
SCHOOL MATHEMATICS PROJECT

The Effects of a Culturally Relevant Intervention  
on Computer Science Motivation  
among Underrepresented Minority Students in  
High School Geometry

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## Background

- Providing access to CS knowledge is an equity issue that must be addressed.
- African Americans, Hispanics, and females continue to be largely underrepresented in CS fields (Zweben & Bizot, 2014).
- Underrepresented minority (URM) students lack opportunities to enroll in CS high school courses and do not see themselves as “fitting in” CS fields (e.g., Goode, 2007).



## Purpose

- To expose students to CS by infusing CS concepts into a required high school mathematics course—Geometry.
- To create culturally relevant curriculum that affirms URMs' cultural identities, elicits URMs' value for CS, and enhances URMs' confidence to pursue CS through:
  - computational visual art
  - videos of CS role models from diverse cultural backgrounds



# Theoretical Frameworks

- Culturally Relevant Pedagogy (Ladson-Billings, 1995)
  - Cultural competency
  - Critical consciousness
  - High achievement expectations
- Motivation theories of academic and career identity development
  - Expectancy-Value Theory (Eccles, 2009)
    - Self-efficacy and task value for CS
  - Theory of Possible Selves (Markus & Nurius, 1986)
    - CS oriented possible selves



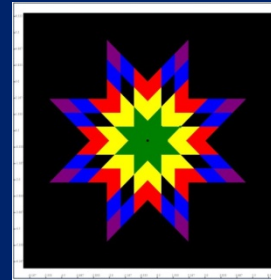
## Research Questions

- To what extent does a culturally relevant intervention affect students' motivational beliefs about CS?
- In what ways do students connect with videos that spotlight computational scientists from diverse backgrounds?



## Intervention

- Morning Star Quilt Designs



- Richard Tapia: Mexican-American CS role model,  
National Medal of Science recipient





## Method

- Participants
  - 142 10<sup>th</sup> graders from 6 regular Geometry classes in a large urban school district (3 intervention & 3 control)
- Instruments to assess motivation
  - CS-oriented possible selves
  - CS self-efficacy and task value
- Open-ended: *“Describe how you connected with the Richard Tapia video.”*



# Hierarchical Linear Regressions Predicting CS Motivational Beliefs

Variable	Possible selves in CS <sup>a</sup>	Self-efficacy for CS <sup>b</sup>	Attainment value for CS <sup>c</sup>	Intrinsic value for CS <sup>d</sup>	Utility value for CS <sup>e</sup>
	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$
Step 1					
Male	.04	.16*	.05	.04	.01
Hispanic	.12	-.04	.11	.03	.21*
Some CS experience	.30**	.40***	.31**	.36***	.37***
Step 2					
Male	.02	.15	.04	.04	.00
Hispanic	.12	-.04	.11	.03	.21*
Some CS experience	.30**	.40***	.30**	.36***	.37***
Intervention	.17*	.09	.13	.07	.09

Note.  $\beta$  indicates standardized regression coefficient. N = 142.

\* $p < .05$ . \*\* $p < .01$ . \*\*\* $p < .001$ .

<sup>a</sup> $R^2 = .09$ ,  $p < .01$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .03$ ,  $p < .05$  for Step 2. <sup>b</sup> $R^2 = .19$ ,  $p < .001$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .01$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2. <sup>c</sup> $R^2 = .09$ ,  $p < .01$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .02$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2.

<sup>d</sup> $R^2 = .13$ ,  $p < .001$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .00$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2. <sup>e</sup> $R^2 = .14$ ,  $p < .001$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .01$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2.





# Hierarchical Linear Regressions Predicting CS Motivational Beliefs with Gender Interaction

Variable	Possible selves in CS <sup>a</sup>	Self-efficacy for CS <sup>b</sup>	Attainment value for CS <sup>c</sup>	Intrinsic value for CS <sup>d</sup>	Utility value for CS <sup>e</sup>
	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$
Step 1					
Male	.02	.15	.04	.00	.03
Intervention	.18*	.10	.15	.10	.17
Step 2					
Male	.21	.42**	.21	.09	-.13
Intervention	.36**	.35**	.30	.18	-.13
Intervention X Gender	-.33*	-.46**	-.29	-.14	.36

Note.  $\beta$  indicates standardized regression coefficient. N = 142.

\* $p < .05$ . \*\* $p < .01$ . \*\*\* $p < .001$ .

<sup>a</sup> $R^2 = .03$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .03$ ,  $p < .05$  for Step 2. <sup>b</sup> $R^2 = .04$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .06$ ,  $p < .01$  for Step 2. <sup>c</sup> $R^2 = .03$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .02$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2.

<sup>d</sup> $R^2 = .01$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .02$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2. <sup>e</sup> $R^2 = .03$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .05$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2.



# Hierarchical Linear Regressions Predicting CS Motivational Beliefs with Ethnicity Interaction

Variable	Possible selves in CS <sup>a</sup>	Self-efficacy for CS <sup>b</sup>	Attainment value for CS <sup>c</sup>	Intrinsic value for CS <sup>d</sup>	Utility value for CS <sup>e</sup>
	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$	$\beta$
Step 1					
Hispanic	.03	-.15	.03	-.07	.10
Intervention	.17	.11	.13	.07	.09
Step 2					
Hispanic	-.13	-.36**	-.08	-.22	-.01
Intervention	-.13	-.26	-.06	-.20	-.12
Intervention X Hispanic	.36	.45*	.23	.33	.26

Note.  $\beta$  indicates standardized regression coefficient. N = 142.

\* $p < .05$ . \*\* $p < .01$ . \*\*\* $p < .001$ .

<sup>a</sup> $R^2 = .03$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .02$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2. <sup>b</sup> $R^2 = .04$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .03$ ,  $p < .05$  for Step 2. <sup>c</sup> $R^2 = .02$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .01$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2.

<sup>d</sup> $R^2 = .01$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .02$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2. <sup>e</sup> $R^2 = .02$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 1;  $\Delta R^2 = .01$ ,  $p > .05$  for Step 2.



## Qualitative Results

- Ethnic background: *“I identify myself with Richard Tapia because like him, my parents are Mexican and I'm an American citizen.”*
- Discrimination: *“It connects to me because of the race I am I get looked down upon.”*
- Pride: *“Both my parents are Mexican and were often seen as bad people, but they always taught me to not be discouraged about my heredity and instead wear it proudly.”*
- Overcoming adversity: *“It kind of connects to me because some people judge Hispanics and a lot of Hispanics can get to success ... despite going through struggles.”*



## Conclusions

- The intervention had a positive effect on students' CS possible selves.
  - The intervention positively affected the CS self-efficacy and possible selves of female students.
  - The intervention positively affected the CS self-efficacy of Hispanic students.
- Students connected with the role model based on their shared experiences.
- Therefore, culturally relevant pedagogy may be a means to increase the representation of URM students in CS.



## Future Studies

- Distinguish the effects of culturally relevant artwork and CS role models on various forms of motivation.
- Extend intervention to include additional videos of individuals working in CS representing other URM groups.
- Explore whether racial/ethnic congruence of role models telling a story of struggle has a stronger effect on CS motivation compared to stories told by models who are not racially/ethnically congruent.



# Thank you!

## Questions/Comments?

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