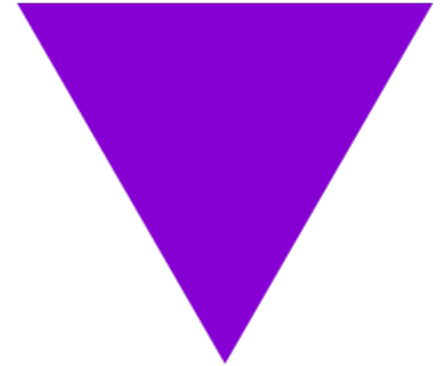
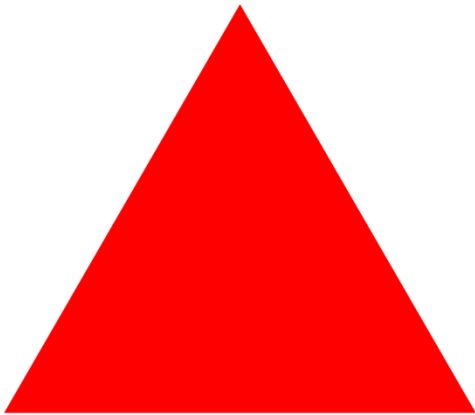


# Teaching Triangles to Visual Learners



Edmonia Everett

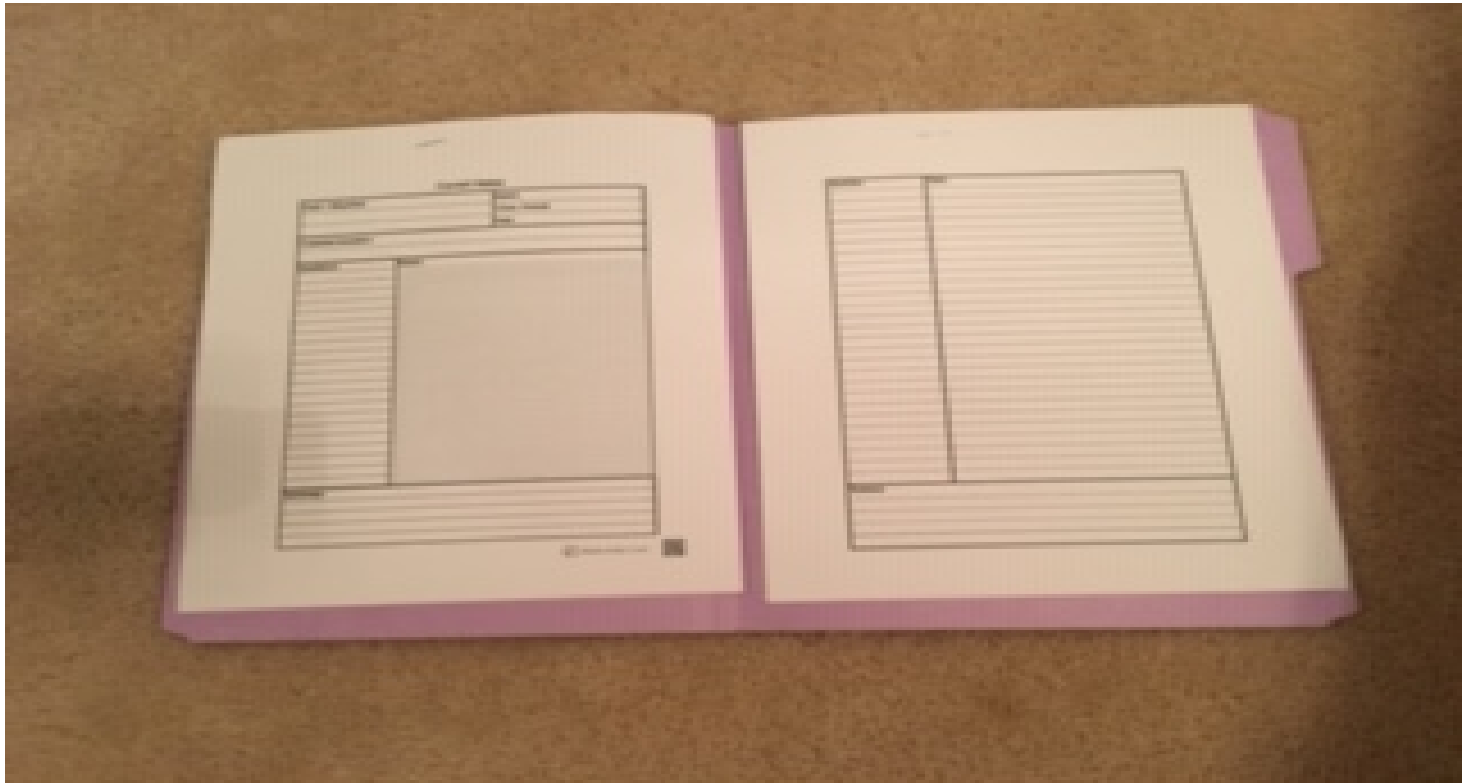
Community Services School

## Participants Handouts

Participants receive folders with Cornell Notes sheets with a grid to record information presented.



# Cornnell Notes



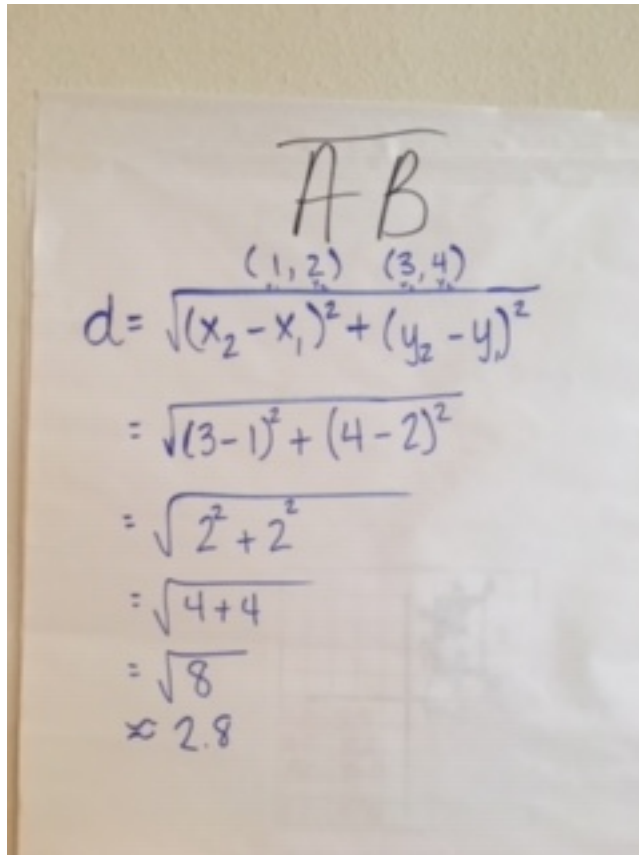
# Problem #1

Given the following coordinates:

- A (1, 2)
- B (3, 4)
- C (3, 1)

Find the perimeter of triangle ABC.

# Participant 1

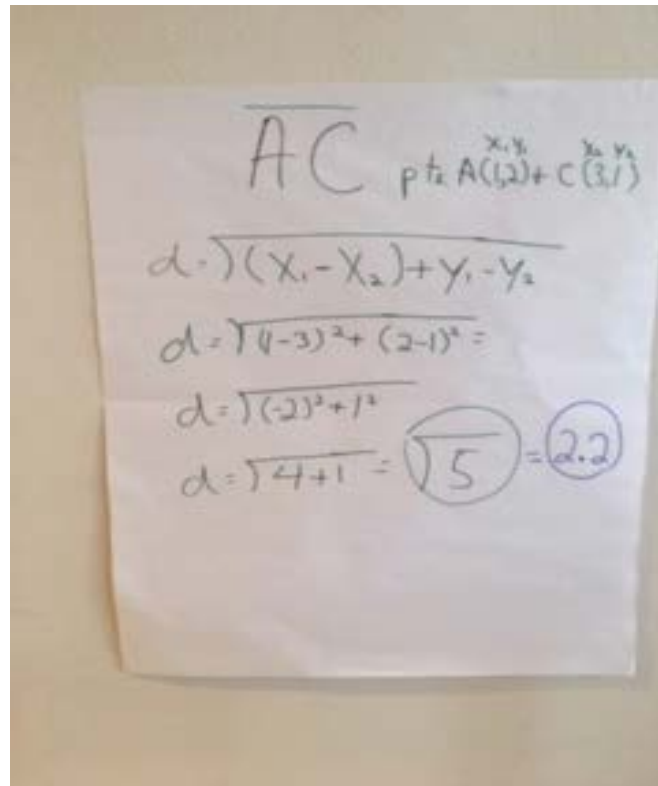


Handwritten calculation of the distance between points A(1, 2) and B(3, 4) using the distance formula:

$$\begin{aligned} & \overline{AB} \\ & \begin{matrix} (1, 2) & (3, 4) \end{matrix} \\ d &= \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{(3 - 1)^2 + (4 - 2)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2} \\ &= \sqrt{4 + 4} \\ &= \sqrt{8} \\ &\approx 2.8 \end{aligned}$$

Participant 1 volunteered to find the distance from point A to point B using the distance formula.

# Participant 2



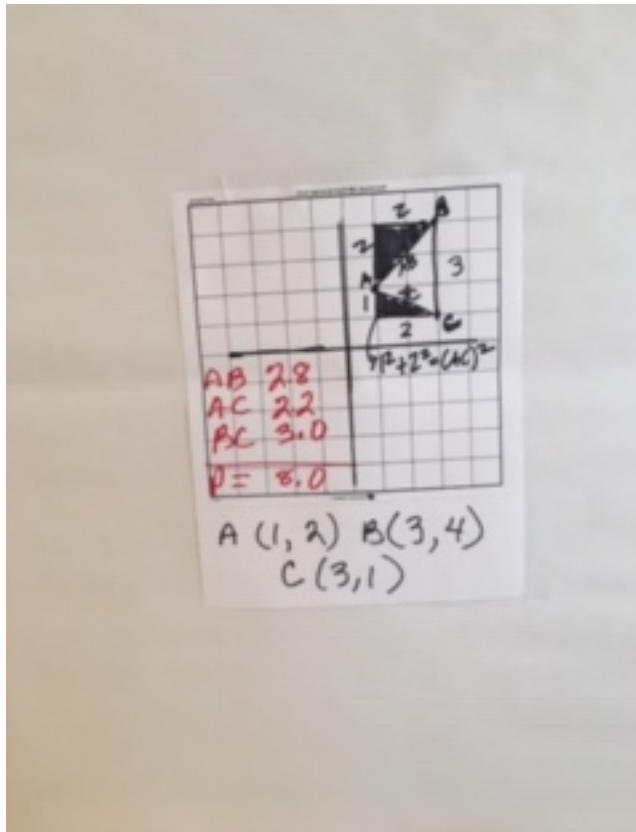
Handwritten work on a piece of paper showing the distance formula and calculations for the distance between points A and C.

$\overline{AC}$  pts  $A(x_1, y_1) + C(x_2, y_2)$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$$
$$d = \sqrt{(4-3)^2 + (2-1)^2} =$$
$$d = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + 1^2}$$
$$d = \sqrt{4+1} = \sqrt{5} = 2.2$$

Participant 2 volunteered to find the distance from point A to point C using the distance formula.

# Participant 3



Participant 3 volunteered to find the distance from point A to point C using the Pythagorean Theorem.

The three distances were then added to find the perimeter of Triangle ABC.

# Problem #2

Given the coordinates:

A (-5, 4)

B (3, 7)

C (3, 4)

Find the perimeter of Triangle ABC.



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